PLAIN

FAMILIAR

METHOD

Of Instructing

The younger fort, according to the lesser Catechism of the Reverend Assembly of Divines, specially intended for Governours of Families; Humbly submitted to the Judgment of the godly and judicious.

By Tho. Lye, Minister of the Gospel.

LONDON,
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By The. Lys. Miniser of the Cospel

Licred àn langes de soil les establishes de la lange d

I. Let the Question be barely proposed, and the Answer returned, v. g.

Quest. [] Hat is God?

Answi VV God is a spirit, infinite, eternal, unbangeable, in his being, wisdome, power, bolines,

justice, goodness, and truth.

2. Try the Childs understanding, whether he doth discern true from falshood, which he is to manifest, by saying only, Tes, or No, to such short questions as may be raised from the preceding answer. This is necessary, because to repeat words and not to understand the Truth contained in them, is but to act the Parrot, and profits very little. And herein the learned D. Wallis his explanation of the Assemblics lesser Catechism, is of singular use, v. g.

Quis God a Spirit

be boly Scriptures are nor ciA

2. Hath God a body or bodily parts?

A. No.

And so through the whole Anf. as in Dr. Wallis 3. Try the Childs ability, to express his knowledge of the meaning of every difficult word or phrase in the preceding Answer: the reason of this is, because we cannot rightly apprehend Truths unless we clearly understand the meaning of those words in which truths are wrapt up. And for an help to the Child herein, This Alphabetical Table, annexed to the Assemblies shor-

Q. What mean you by this word Spirit?

Answ. A spiritual substance, without matter, body, or bodily parts, body

Mhat mean you by this word infinite?

A. Wilbout measure, bounds or limits of being, time, place, or perfection. And to an with every

difficult word in the Answer.

trinal propositions, and bid the Child prove each of them by Scripture, and tell you especially, where the force of the Text lies, that more immediately respects and proves the Doctrine. The Ground of this fourth particular, is, because there are several distinct Truths contained in each Answer in the Catachism: and the more distinctly and particularly any truth is proposed, the more eapable the Childs understanding is, to apprehendit; and because the boly Scriptures are the only Foundation and Touchstone of infallible and saving Truth, v. g.

2. How do you prove this proposition, viza

God is a Spirit?

A. Qut of Joh. 4-24. God is a Spirit & they that worship him must worship him in Spirit & Trath.

Where lies the force in this Text, that

A. Inshele words, God is a Spirit.

And to for every particular clause in the

Answer, and in order propose them distinctly to the Child, and ask him, what he observes from them: and from what part of the Text especially he draws his Observation. We advise this, because the Scriptures are not to be read, but with special Observations, for the exercise and increase of our knowledge, and direction of our practise, y. g.

Q. What do you observe from this Scripture, Joh.4.24. God is a Spirit, and they that wor ship him in Spirit, and in Truth?

A. I observe from thence that God is a Spirit.

Scripture do you raise that Observation

A. From thefewords, Godisa Spirit

Andifolet all the Scriptures annexedibe pro-

posed in order.

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6. Propose such usual Objections from Seripture or reason, as seem to contradict the Fruths afferted. This is requisite, because the clearing of doubts and Objections, makes much to the enlightning and confirming of the understanding, in its clear apprehension of, and firm affensing to any truth.

Object. God feems not to be a Spirit; for the Scripture attributes an hand to God . If a 39.

1. The Lords hand is not shortned. And Eyes: 2 Chron. 16.9. The eyes of the Lord run to and

fro, throughout the whole earth.

A. These are improper phrases, Wherein God speaks in a way of resemblance, only to condescend to our weak capacities, and do note unto us, shose infinite pertections, which are in God, by which he doth immediately perform that by himself, which we are said to do by our hands, eyes or other faculties or members: properly by Gods hand is meant, his Almighty strength and power: by his eyes, his watchful providence.

7. Particularly improve and apply the several Truths, which have been opened, and proved by Scripture, and that on this account, because the excellency of truth lies chiefly in the improvement, and particular Application of it, to

the benefit of our felves, and others, v. gr.

I. If the Answer be Doctrinal, laying down particular Truths to be known and believed;

apply it either:

1

enfequences, which naturally and clearly fol-

2. By way of Confutation of Errors against it.

Graces to be improved, Duties to be performed, fins to be avoided: apply it either,

I. By way of Exhortation, to improve those

Graces, and to perform those Ducies.

2. By way of Debortation, to avoid those fins.

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FINIS ..

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AN

ABRIDGMENT

Of the late

Reverend Assemblies
SHORTER

CHATECHISM.

Fitted for the use of the weakest Capacities and Memories.

Question I.

Hat is God?
Answ.God the a Father, Son, and Holy
Ghost is a (b) Spirit, (c) Almighty, of perfect
(d) goodness, holiness, (e) mercy, and (f) justice
a Mat. 28.19. Go ye therefore and teach all
Nations baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost

cord in heaven, the Father, the Word, and the Ho-

ly Ghoft; and these three are one.

A

b Fobr



b Joh. 4.24. God is a Spirit, and they that worship him must worship him in spirit and truth.
c Rev. 4. 8. And the sour beasts rest not day and
night, saying, Holy, boly, boly, Lord God Almighty.
d Mat. 19.17. Jesus said, There is none good but

One, that is God.

e Exod. 34. 6. The Lord proclaimed. The Lord, the Lord God, merciful, and gracious, long suffering, Ver. 7. Keeping mercy for thou-sands; forgiving iniquity, transgression, and since

f Exod. 34.7. The Lord, that will by no means clear the guilty visiting the iniquity of the fathers

upon the Children.

Q.2. In what estate did God create or make man?

Ans. God created man after his own (g) Image, in (b) knowledge, (i) righteousness and holiness, entering into a (k) Covenant of life with him, upon condition of perfect obedience.

g Gen. 1. 27. So God created man in his own Image, in the Image of God created he him, Male

and Female created he them.

h Col. 3. 10. And have put on the new man, which is renewed in knowledge, after the image of bim that created him.

i Ephes. 4. 24. And that ye put on the new man, which after God is created in righteousness

and true bolines.

k Gen. 2.16,17. The Lord God commanded the man, saying, of every tree of the Garden thou mayst

mayst freely eat, Ver. 17. But of the tree of knowledge of good and evil, thou shalt not eat of it, for in the day that thou eatest thereof, thou shalt surely die.

Gal. 3. 12. The Law is not of faith, but the

Man that doth them shall live in them.

Quest. 3. Did Man continue in that effate

wherein he was created?

Answ. Man fell (1) from that estate by sin, and so brought himself, and all mankind under the (m) wrath, and (n) curse of God.

1 Gen. 3.6. When the Woman saw, that the tree was good for food, she took of the fruit thereof, and dideat; and gave also unto her huband

with her, and be dideat.

our conversation in time past, in the lusts of our flesh, and were by nature the children of wrath, even as others.

n Gal. 3. 10. As many as are of the works of the Law are under the curse: For it is written, Cursed is every one that continueth not in all things which are written in the Book of the Law to do them

Quest. 4. What is fin?

Answ. Sin is the (e) transgression of the Law of God.

o I John 3.4. Wholoever committeth sin, transgressed also the Lam: for sin is the transgression of the Law.

A 2

Quest. Quest. 5. By what means may man escape the

wrath and curse of God?

Answ: Man may escape the wrath and curse of God by (p Jesus Christ, the only (q) begotten Son of God, who became (r) man, being (f) conceived by the Holy Ghost, and born of the (t) Virgin Mary.

other, for there is none other name under Heaven given among men, whereby we must be saved.

9 John 3. 16. God gave his only begotten Son, that who over believeth on him should

not periff; but have everlasting life.

John 1.14. The word was made flesh, and dwelt among us, and we beheld his glory, the glory of the only begotten of the Father.

I Luke 1 35. The Angel said unto her, The Holy Ghost shall come upon three, and the power of the highest shall over-shaddow three; therefore also that holy thing, which shall be born of thee, shall be called the Son of God.

t Mat 1. 25. Joseph knew ber not, till she bad brought forth ber first born Son, and he called

his name Jesus.

Q est. What hath Jesus Christ done for man?
Answ. Jesus Christ underwent the (u) wrath
& (w curse of God for man, being x) crucified,
(y) dead and (y) buried, He (y) arose again,
(z) ascended into Heaven, and sitteth at the
right

(z) right hand of God the Father

u Ifa. 53. 5. He was wounded for our transgressions, He was bruised for our iniquities; the chastisement of our peace was upon him, and with his stripes we are healed.

w Gal. 3. 13. Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the Law, being made a curse for us; for it is written, cursed is every one that

hangeth on a Tree.

x Mat. 27. 35. And they crucified him, and

parted his Garments, casting lots.

y 1 Cor. 15. 3, 4. Christ dyed for our sins according to the Scriptures, v.4. And was buried, and rese again the third day, according to the Scriptures.

z Mark 16. 19. So then, after the Lord had spoken unto them, be was received up into Hea-

ven; and sate on the right hand of God.

Quest. 7. How came we to be partakers of what

Fesus Christ bath done for man?

Answ. We come to be partakers of what Jesus Christ hath done for man by the (a) Holy Ghost.

a Tit. 3. 5, 6. According to his mercy he faved us by the washing of Regeneration & renewing of the Holy Ghost, v. 6. Which he shed on us abundantly; through Jesus Christ our Saviour.

Quest. 8. After what manner doth the Holy Ghost make us partakers of what Christ hath done? Answ. The Holy Ghost makes us partakers of

2 mbat

what Christ bath done, by working in us (b) faith in Christ, and (c) repentance unto life.

b 1 Cor. 12.3. No man can say, that Jesus is

the Lord but by the Holy Ghoft.

deeds of the body, ye shall live.

Quest. 9. What is faith in Christ?

Aniw. Faith in Christ, is a firm (d) believing that Christ is the only Lord and Saviour, and an hearty (e) acceptance of him accordingly.

d Rom. 10. 9. If thou shalt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus, and shalt believe in thine beart that God hath raised him from the dead, thou shalt be saved.

e John 1. 12. As many as received him, to them gave he power to become the Sons of God, even to them that believe in his name.

Queft. 10. What is Repentance unto life?

Answ. Repentance unto life is an hearty (f) forrow for, and turning (g) from all fins unto God, with a full purpose ot, and (b) endeavour after new obedience.

f Joel. 2. 12. Therefore also now saith the Lord, Turn ye even to me with all your beart, & with fasting, and with meeping, & with mourning.

g Isa. 1. 16, 17. Wash ye, make you clean, put away the evil of your doings before mine eyes, cease to do evil, v. 17. Learn to do well, seek judgement, relieve the oppressed, judge the Fatherless, plead for the widdow.

Quest. 11. What is the rule of obedience?

Answ. The Rule of obedience is the (b) Moral

Law contained in the Ten Commandments.

h Deut. 10. 4, 13. He wrote on the Tables according to the first writing, the ten commandements, which the Lord spake unto you in the Mount out of the midst of the fire, in the day of the assembly, & the Lord gave them unto me.—Ver. 13. To keepe the Commandments of the Lord, and his statutes, which I Command thee this day for thy good.

Orielt. 12. Rehearfe the ten commandments ?

Answ. God feak all these words, saying, I am the Lord thy God, & c. Exod. 20. 1, to 18.

Quest. 13. What is the sum of the ten com.

mandments?

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g. ut

S,

es, Answ. The sum of the Ten Commandments, is, to love the Lord our God, with all our heart, with all our soul, with all our strength, and with all our mind, and our neighbours as our selves, Luke 10.27. Mark 12.30, 31.

Quest. 14. How doth the Holy Ghost work in

us Faith in Christ, and repentance unto life?

Answ. The Holy Ghost doth work in us Faith in Christ, and repentance unto life ordinarily, by the (i) preaching & hearing (k of the word of God.

Pfal. 19. 7. The Law of the Lord is perfect, converting the foul; the Testimony of the Lord is sure, making wife the simple.

A 4

k Rom.

k Rom. 10. 17. Faith cometh by hearing, and hearing by the Word of God.

Queft. 15. How are Faith and Repentance

strengthened?

Answ. Faith and Repentance are strengthened by the (1) same Word of God, by the (m) Sa-

craments, and (n) by Prayer.

1 Acts 20, 32. I commend you to God and the word of his Grace, which is able to build you up, and to give you an inheritance among them which are sanctified.

m Rom. 6. 4. We are buried with him by Baptisme into death, that like as Christ was raised from the dead by the Glory of the Father, even so we also should malk in nemness of life.

I Cor. II. 24. When he had given thanks, he brake it, and said, Take, eat, this is my body which is broken for you, this do in remembrance of me.

n Luke 11.13. If ye being evil know how to give good gifts unto your children, bow much more shall your heavenly Father give the bely spirit to them that ask him?

Quett. 16. What is the word of God?

Answ. The word of God is the (o') Scriptures of (p) the Old, and New Testament.

02 Tim 3. 16. All Scripture is given by in-

spiration of God and is profitable, oc.

p Ephes. 2 20 And are built upon the foundation of the Apostles and Prophets, Jesus Christ himhimself being the chief Corner-stone.

Queft. 17. What is a Sacrament?

Answ. A Sacrament is an (q) outward fign and seal of the New Covenant.

q Rom. 4. 11. He received the sign of Circumcision, a seal of the Righteousness of faith, which he had yet being uncircumcised.

Quest. 18. What is the new Covenant ?

Answ. The new Covenant is that wherein God freely offereth unto sinners (r) life, and (f) salvation by Christ, requiring of them (t) faith in him that they may be saved.

given to us eternal life, and this life is in his Son.

I Acts 3. 25, 26. Yea are the Children of the Promise and of the Covenant which God made with our Fathers, saying unto Abraham, and in thy seed shall all the Kindreds of the Earth be blessed, v. 26. Unto you first God having raised up his Son Jesus, sent him to bless you, in turning away every one of you from his iniquities.

Rom. 11. 26, 27. And so all Israel shall be saved as it is written, There shall come out of sion the deliverer, and shall turn away ungodliness from Jacob ver. 27. — For this is my Covenant unto them, when I shall take away their sins.

I John 3. 16 God so loved the World, that he gave his only begotten Son, that who sover helieveth on him, should not perish, but have everlasting life, Quest.

Queft. 19. Which are the Sacraments, that

fignifie and seal the new Covenant?

Answ. The Sacraments, that signific and seal the New Covenant, are (u) Baptisme, and the (w) Lords Supper.

u Mat. 28. 19. Go ye therefore, and teach all Nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Soft, and of the Holy Ghost.

w Mat. 26.26,27,28. And as they were eating, Jesus took bread, and blessed it, and brake it, and gave it to the Disciples, and said, Take, eat, this is my body, ver. 27. And he took the Cup, and gave thanks, and gave it them, saying, drink ye all of it, ver. 28. For this is my bloud of the New Testament, which is shed for many, for the remission of sins.

Quest. 20. What is Baptisme?

Answ. Baptisme is the (x) washing with water in the name of the Father, and of the son, and of the Holy Ghost.

x Mat. 28. 19. See before Queft. 19. u.

Quest. 21. What doth baptisme signifie and

seal unto us?

Answ. Baptisme doth signifie and seal unto us the (y) washing away of our sins by the (z) blood of Christ.

y Acts 22. 16. Arise and be baptized, and wash awaythy sins, calling on the name of the Lord. Z Rev. 1. 5. Unto him that loved us, and washed us from our sins in his own blood. Ouest.

Quest. 22. To whom is Baptisme to be admini-

Answ. Baptisme is to be administred (only) to

(a) believers and their (b) feed.

a Acts 8.37,38. Philip said, if thou believest with all thy heart, thou mayest: And he answered and said, I believe that Jesus Christ is the Son of God, v. 38. And he baptised him.

to your Children, and to all that are afar off, even

as many as the Lord our God shall call.

I Cor. 7. 14. The unbelieving husband is faudified by his wife, and the unbelieving wife is fandified by the busband; else were your children unclean, but now they are holy.

Quest. 23. What is the Lord's Supper?

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Answ. The Lord's Supper is the (c) giving and receiving of Bread & Wine according to Christ's appointment, in Remembrance of his death.

c I Cor. 11. 23, 24, 25. I have received of the Lord, that which also I delivered unto you, that the Lord Jesus the same night in which be was betrayed took Bread, v. 24. And when he had given thanks, he brake it, and said, Take, eat, this is my body which is broken for you, this do in remembrance of me, v. 25. After the same manner also he took the Cup, when he had supped, saying, this Cup is the New Testament in my blood; this do ye, as oft as ye drink it, in remembrance of me. Quest.

Quest. 24. What doth the Lords Supper signifie

and seal unto us?

An. The Lords Supper signifieth and sealeth unto the worthy receivers the (d) feeding & nourishing their fouls, by the body & blood of Christ.

d Mat. 26. 26. See before Queft. 19. w.

Quest. 25. Who are the worthy Receivers of

the Lords Supper?

Answ. They are worthy Receivers of the Lords Supper, that examine themselves of their (e) Knowledge, (f) Faith; (g) Repentance, (b) Love, and (i) new Obedience.

e I Cor. 11.28,29. Let a man examine bimfelf, and fo let him eat of that Bread, and drink of that Cup v 29. For he that eateth and drinketh unworthily, eateth and drinketh damnation to himself, not discerning the Lords Body

f 2 Cor. 13.5. Examine your selves whether ve be in the Faith, prove your own selves! 'Know ye not your felves, how that Fefus Christ is in you,

except ye be Reprobates?

g 1 Cor. 11.31. If we would judge our selves

we should not be judged.

h Cor. 10. 16, 17. The Cup of bleffing, which we bless, is it nor the Communion of the blond of Christ? The Bread which we brake, is it not the Communion of the bodie of Chrft ? v. 27. For me being many are one bread and one body, for we are altpartakers of that one bread. .7

i Lam.

i Lam. 3. 40. Let us fearch and try our wayes, and turn again unto the Lord.

Quest. 26. What if persons neglect felf exami-

nation, before they receive the Lords Supper?

Answ. Those that neglect self-examination, before they receive the Lords Supper, are in danger to (k) eat and drink judgment to themselves, being (1) guilty of the body and bloud of our Lord.

k I Cor: 11. 29, See before Queft. 25.e.

and drink this Cup of the Lord unworthily, shall be guilty of the body and bloud of the Lord.

Quett. 27. What is Prayer?

Anlw. Prayer is the offering up of our (m' defires to God, in the (n) name of Christ, with (o) confession of our fins and (p) thanksgiving.

m Phil. 4 6. Be careful for nothing, but in every thing by prayer, and supplication, with thanks-giving, let your requests be made known unto God. in John 16. 23. Verily, verily, I say unto you, what soever ye shall ask the Father in my name, he

will give it you.

o Dan. 9.4. I Prayed unto the Lord my God, and made my confession, and said, O Lord, &c.

p Phil 4.6. See before, Quest. 27. m.

Queft. 28. What Rule hath God given for

our direction in Prayer?

An. The whole (q) word of God, is of use to direct us in prayer, but especially the Lords Prayer.

q I John

q 1 John 5. 14. This is the confidence that we have in him, that if we ask any thing according to his will, he heareth us.

O ieft. 29. Rehearfe the Lord's Prayer?

Aniw. Our Father, which art in Heaven, hallowed be thy name. Thy Kingdome come. Thy will be done on Earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. For thine is the Kingdome, the power and the Glory, for ever, and ever, Amen. Mat. 6.9, 10, &c. Luke 11.1, 3, 4.

Quest. 30. What benefits have we in Christ

upon our Faith and Repentance in this life?

Answ. We have in Christ upon our Faith and Repentance in this life (r) pardon of fin, (s) power to become the Sons of God, and a (r) renewing of the Image of God in us.

r Ro. 8.30. Whom he did predestinate, them he also call'd; & whom he called, them he also justified,

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I John 1. 12. As many as received him, to them gave he power to become the Sons of God, even to them that believe on his name.

t Col. 3. 9, 10. Te have put off the Old man with his deeds, ver. 10. And have put on the new man, which is renewed in Knowledge after the image of him that created him.

Quest. 31. What benefits have we in Christ at death? Answ.

Answ- At death, our (u) souls shall imme-

diately pass into glory.

u Luke 23.43. Jesus said unto him, verily I say unto thee, to day thou shalt be with me in Baradise.

Quest. 32. What benefits have me in Christ at

the Resurrection?

Answ. At the Resurrection, our (w) bodies alfo being raised up in glory, we shall be (x) acquitted by Christ in judgement, and made
persectly (y) blessed in the sull enjoyment of
God (z) for ever.

w 1 Cor. 15. 43. It is fown in dishonour, it is raised in glory. It is sown in weakness, it is rai-

fed in pomer.

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V.

x Mat. 25. 33, 34. And he shall set the sheep on his right hand, but the goats on the left, v.3,4. Then shall the King say to them on his right hand, Come ye blessed of my Father, inherit the Kingdome prepared for you, trom the soundation of the world.

y I John 3.2. Now are we the Sons of God, and it doth not yet appear, what we shall be: but we know, that when be shall appear, we shall be

like bim, for me shall fee bim as be is.

and remain, shall be caught up together with them in the clouds to meet the Lord in the air, and so shall me be ever with the Lord.

Quest. 33. What shall become of those that never repent and believe? Answ.

Answ. Those that never repent and believe, besides the (a) wrath and (b) curse of God upon them in this life, shall (c) die in their sins, and be (d) punished with everlasting torments in Hell Fire.

a John 3.36. He that believeth not the Son, shall not see life, but the wrath of God abideth on bim.

b Gal. 3. 10. See before Queft. 3. n.

c John 8. 24. I said therefore unto you, that ye shall die in your fins; for if ye believe not that

I am be, ye shall die in your sins.

d 2 Thes. 1. 8, 9. In flaming Fire, taking vengeance on them that know not God, and that obey not the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ, v. 9. Who shall be punish with everlasting destruction from the presence of the Lord, and from the glory of his power.

Luke 13. 3. Except ye repent, ye shall all like-

I Thef. 4. 17. Then we while

r in the clouds to need

ration of the couple or

wife perifb.

Assemblies

SHORTER

CATECHISM

Drawn out into diftinct

PROPOSITIONS,

AND

Proved by plain, and pertinent Texts of Scripture at large.

With short Rules of Direction for Masters of Families, how to use this Book to the best advantage.

By Thomas Lye, M.A. and sometimes
Minister of the Gospel at Alballows
Lumbard-street.

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